Optimizing the Digital Workflow
Rapid-turnaround 3D-printed dentures and more

Using 3D Digital Denture Technology to Treat Edentulism
By Sean Thorp, CDT, and Jim Miller, DDS

Fast, Easy Denture Design Software Is Here
By Jeremy Wohlers, CDT

An AEGIS Dental Network® Publication
Supported by an unrestricted grant from Kulzer
The dramatic revitalization of the removable prosthetic market is being driven by rapid changes in demographic, technological and social forces that promise to continue revolutionizing this segment of dentistry. As a result, the US removable market is projected to be one of the fastest growing prosthetic segments in the dental industry over the next two decades and a business opportunity ripe for exploration and adoption for laboratory owners and managers.

Current estimates hold that 20.5% of adults in the United States older than 65 years of age have lost all their natural teeth due to tooth decay or gum disease. Another 178 million are missing at least one or more teeth. The numbers of US adults who are missing teeth will only increase as the average life expectancy moves upward from the current 78.9 years to a projected 79.5 years by 2020 and 82.6 years by 2050. This increase in average life expectancy, along with the aging of the 79 million US Baby Boomers and their “forever young” mindset, has boosted the demand for precision-made removable prosthetic appliances for decades to come.

Meeting the demands of this silver tsunami has challenged the dental industry to retrench, rethink, and re-innovate. Not only must the problem of fewer skilled and experienced denture technicians be solved but also the on-going problem of dental schools' reduced curriculum for removable prosthetics, producing generations of graduates not well schooled in prosthetic principles. Compounding these workforce and clinical knowledge shortages has been the challenge of reducing the traditional 5-6 appointment patient protocol and improving final outcomes.

The industry’s pioneering spirit has been rapid. On the heels of success on the fixed side of dentistry, manufacturers quickly moved to digitize the removable process. Software engineers created sophisticated CAD modules for designing both full and partial denture prosthetic appliances while CAM and 3D print manufacturers created innovative materials and production processes to automate the try-in and final product phases. Although still in its infancy but evolving at a rapid pace, automated CAD/CAM production for removable processes and materials hold the answer to the demand and supply conundrum the industry faced less than a decade ago. Digitizing and automating removable processes also opened the door for fixed laboratories to adapt and apply their 20-plus years of CAD/CAM skills and knowledge to the removable side, greatly expanding the supply-side of removable services. Most importantly digitization has brought much-needed precision and consistency to the process.

Digitization of the removable process also addresses the needs and expectations of today’s patients. Unlike previous generations, the Baby Boomer generation and those that follow expect dentistry not only to restore their former natural function and esthetics but also to do so in an expedient process that is not unduly disruptive of their busy work, social and family lives. They are less patient with the tedious five-to-six appointment protocol and waiting times inherent in the traditional laboratory and clinical diagnostic and treatment process for removable prosthetics. And they are decidedly less patient and understanding of a prosthetic that does not fit perfectly and meet their expectations of natural function and life-like esthetics.

For laboratory owners and managers, the digital denture market presents an important business opportunity. Only 3.8% of the total dentures manufactured in the US are digitally produced by dental laboratories, according to a 2017 NADL Cost of Doing Business survey. This presents a ground-floor opportunity to take advantage of a new segment of dentistry that is young, vital, and growing. For fixed laboratories already outfitted with automated production technologies and looking to expand their product line as well as their bottom line, the transition from digitally produced crowns and bridges to dentures should be seamless. For removable laboratories eager to finally be included in the digital revolution, the knowledge and skill brought to the digital landscape will help elevate this market as it matures. The digital denture market is in an expanding evolutionary stage as advances in new materials, processes and technologies continue to be brought to market. As the fixed market quickly learned, the best time to get involved in the digitally-driven process is at the beginning before it passes you by.

Pam Johnson
Founding Editor
Inside Dental Technology
Pala Digital Dentures 2.0 Digital Workflow

STEP 1: SCAN
USE IMPRESSIONS, OR MODELS AND BITE RIMS

Equipment you’ll need:
- Scanner *(coming soon)*
  cara Scan 4.0
- Impressions
  Pala Digital Dentures impression trays
- Models & Bite Rims
  *if not scanning impressions*

STEP 2: DESIGN
CAD SOFTWARE, 3SHAPE KULZER TOOTH LIBRARY

Equipment you’ll need:
- Pala Design Studio
  CAD denture design software
- Kulzer Tooth Library
  If designing with 3Shape, purchase the Kulzer Tooth Library for your 3Shape® dongle. This will allow you to print Pala denture teeth.

TO LEARN MORE about denture prototype and finishing options, visit kulzerUS.com/3DPrintedDenture.
**STEP 3: PROTOTYPE**
CARA PRINT 4.0, DIMA PRINT, HILITE POWER 3D

**Equipment you’ll need:**
- **3D printer** cara Print 4.0
- **Nesting software** cara CAM
- **Print resins** dima Print material
- **Post curing unit** HiLite power 3D
- **Tooth cutting jig** (if necessary)

**3** Prototype Options:
- All-white try-in
- Printed base & Mondial teeth
- Fully 3D-printed denture

**STEP 4: FINISH**
FULLY 3D PRINTED DENTURE, OR ALTERNATE TECHNIQUES

**Equipment you’ll need:**
Print complete, high quality final dentures quickly, accurately, and economically with the cara Print 4.0 3D DLP printer and FDA cleared dima Print materials.

Traditional processing methods can also be used if desired.

Use Pala cre-active to add individual characterization to a printed denture base.

Watch the webinar at kulzerUS.com/education
Using 3D Digital Denture Technology TO TREAT EDENTULISM

By Sean Thorp, CDT, and Jim Miller, DDS

ABSTRACT
This article discusses how digital technology for denture fabrication can benefit the dental laboratory, clinician, and patient. The authors were able to treat an edentulous patient with digital denture therapy using the Pala Digital Denture system, also incorporating 3D printing technology.

The substantial growth in the population of edentulous patients has been well-documented, and the authors have observed it first hand over several decades. Additionally, the number of dental laboratory technicians has been declining—especially in the removable area. Finding experienced denture technicians has been a challenge throughout the United States. While the primary author was interviewing and trying out some potential laboratory technicians, he was approached by a clinical representative from Kulzer regarding digital dentures and the Pala Digital Dentures brand. This was very interesting because the laboratory was very involved in digital technology in its fixed department. The primary author pursued this digital denture technology, hoping it would help the laboratory improve its efficiency and proficiency in the fabrication of removable dentures.

The next step was getting the clinician onboard to utilize this technology. The whole team must work together to make this all come together. This was easier than anticipated, however. The primary author contacted a few clients, some younger dentists and even some that had been in dentistry for quite some time, and they were all willing to try it out. They now have now utilized Pala Digital Dentures for approximately 2 years, with very strong success. It is well known that technology advances, and in this area, it is advancing very rapidly, with both milled dentures and 3D printed dentures. The primary author explored both options and followed the direction of the 3D printed dentures, purchasing the first Kulzer cara Print 4.0 3D printer in the United States, and has yet to be disappointed.

CASE PRESENTATION
A 62-year-old male presented with edentulous upper and lower arches. He had been edentulous for 3 years, due to broken down dentition and decay. He had a small torus in the middle of the maxilla (Figure 1). He was advised to have it removed but decided against it. The clinician and technician decided to proceed with case.

CLINICAL STEPS
The first step, of course, was to take impressions. Two options exist for this (Figure 2 and Figure 3).

The first option is Kulzer’s Pala Digital Denture impression system, which can help obtain the vertical dimension of occlusion (VDO) as well as a Gothic arch tracer to obtain centric occlusion. The first step is to choose the size of the tray (small, medium, large, or extra-large). Next, use a heavy-body impression material to border mould the tray. Place it in the mouth and manipulate the cheeks and lips. Remove the impression tray, load it with medium-body material, and place it in the mouth for the impression, pressing firmly on the designated area on the impression tray. Repeat for the lower impression.

Next, cut the distal of the impression on the lower as designed on the tray. Unsnap the distal extensions. Place the VDO pin in the tray, and open and close it to obtain the correct VDO. Utilize the Gothic arch tracer to obtain centric relation. Use bite registration material to lute both arches together. Remove from the patient and send to the laboratory. Pictures of patient are also very helpful.

The second option is to take initial impressions and make custom impression trays. Take the final upper and lower impressions, and send them to the laboratory to make bite blocks. Place the bite blocks and trim the wax to obtain the proper VDO. Using a Fox plane also helps obtain the proper occlusal plane. Also mark the patient’s midline, smile line, and canine line on the bite block. Send to the laboratory to mount on an articulator. Pick the shade and mould of teeth. The authors use Kulzer Mondial i teeth.

DENTURE FABRICATION
Having obtained all the information required, the laboratory could scan the models with a 3Shape scanner to produce an STL file for Kulzer to design the dentures. Once the information was received by Kulzer’s design team, they imported it into their software and designed the dentures. The design team then emailed the laboratory a PDF file that could be manipulated to review the design and communicate any desired changes. Once the laboratory approved the design, the final version was sent so a prototype denture could be printed with the cara Print 4.0 and sent to the clinician for try-in (Figure 4). The clinician checked for fit, bite, VDO, and esthetics. The VDO on the
were splinted, so three separate segments were on each arch, in addition to the denture bases. The primary author next printed the denture bases with the cara Print 4.0, using pink denture base material (Figure 6). The material was then changed to print the teeth (Figure 7). Once the teeth and bases were printed (Figure 8 and Figure 9), the teeth were luted to the bases using the same resin that the base is printed from and cured once done. Once cured with the HiLite power curing unit, the denture could be custom-stained using Creactive composite stain kit (Figure 10).

DELIVERY DAY
On the day of delivery, the clinician placed the upper denture and checked for fit and esthetics. The lower was placed, and fit and bite were checked. Everything was beautiful, and the patient was ecstatic (Figure 11).

CONCLUSION
The authors were able to use digital technology as a helpful tool in the dental laboratory to compensate for the difficulty of finding experienced technicians. Additionally, the clinician has fewer appointments for the patient and provides better materials. Technology continues to advance, and in the near future the clinician will be able to use intraoral scanners to take the impressions digitally for removable appliances.
Pala Design Studio is the world’s first web-based denture design software. Developed by the experts at Kulzer and DENTCA, this online service allows dental laboratories to design cases for 3D printed or milled formats in a simple and efficient way. So efficient, in fact, that you will be able to design a case in 10 minutes and have the final STL file rendered in under an hour.

With Pala Design Studio, multiple technicians can design cases simultaneously without any software installation required. And, new projects can be started while current cases are undergoing rendering, eliminating the need to wait for final generation to finish. Your lab will be able to maximize its output and production like never before.

Pala Design Studio is easy to integrate into your workflow. Here’s an overview of the process:

1: Scanning and Uploading
The first step is to upload 3 scanned STL files of the case you are working on: maxillary, mandibular, and bite.

2: Entering Design Information
Next, enter patient information and select the type of impression used in the case – Pala Digital Dentures trays or wax rims.

3: Matching
Match both arches with the bite: simply click to add a colored reference point on the bite scan, and click the same area on the model to align.

4: Trimming
Establish trim lines on the maxillary and mandibular arches by clicking to place dots along the models.

5: Choosing Landmarks
The landmarks consist of three upper points and two lower points: the incisive papilla, the left and right hamular notches, and the retromolar pads. Click to select all 5 points, and verify your teeth selection. Pala Design Studio will then match, trim, create the occlusal plane, and arrange the teeth automatically.

6: Verification
Verify the matching, trimming, and occlusal plane placement. You can make any necessary adjustments at this time.

7: Teeth Setup
Pala Design Studio automatically generates an ideal tooth setup for your case based on the teeth and gum shape and style that you chose. If there are certain esthetic parts that need to be customized, you can do so now. Once you are satisfied with the teeth setup, submit the case for final generation.

8: Ordering and Final Output
Once the final generation is done, you can view the completed design. Designs are optimized for 3D printing or milling, and the STL files can be downloaded as a try-in or final dentures.

Go to PalaDesignStudio.com to watch our Guided Tour videos.
Fast, Easy
Denture Design Software Is Here

By Jeremy Wohlers, CDT

I was really excited when Kulzer called me near the end of 2018 and asked me to beta test the new Pala Design Studio. I immediately wanted to use it and push it to every limit I could find and every boundary they gave me. CAD/CAM technology for removables is evolving rapidly, and user-friendly, fast software programs like this one will change the industry.

Pala Design Studio is quick and gives me control over where I set the teeth. I can do a denture setup and individualize it without needing to know the complex intricacies of some of the more popular CAD software. It is very easy to manipulate the teeth, and I can create characterized setups for an upper and lower denture and download the files within only about an hour to print. And within the next hour, I can have a full printed denture.

For a small laboratory like mine, speed and ease of use are huge. The more complex denture design software modules are very good, but that level of complexity is only necessary for the most challenging cases. For the routine cases such as immediate dentures that are our bread and butter, I just need software that is easy and quick.

With Pala Design Studio, in 1 day I can set six full dentures—upper and lower—and print four of them. That is a significant number for a one-man laboratory where I handle shipping, receiving, and everything else myself.

The software is completely open, meaning I can use it not only for cases submitted via the Pala Digital Denture impression system but also for cases that arrive with models and bite rims. Kulzer offers the full package now with its scanner, design software, and printer, but all of those products integrate well with other systems as well, giving users plenty of freedom.

Additionally, the software is free to use, as I only purchase my downloads. It is web-based, so there is no need for a dongle. Once a design is finalized, I pay a minimal fee to download the file for printing.

Pala Design Studio completes my in-house denture system. I am able to scan, design, and print same-day dentures easily, which is truly transformative for my laboratory.

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Manipulate teeth quickly and easily
- Open software allows anyone to utilize it, regardless of hardware
- No upfront costs to use the software; only minimal download fees for each case

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

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3D PRINTING DENTURES IN-HOUSE BECOMES MORE VAILABLE
Use dima Print (FDA Cleared) materials*

**1 HOUR OR LESS**

to print these appliances:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>dima Print Material</th>
<th>Print time per part</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ortho</td>
<td>14 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impression</td>
<td>18 min</td>
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<tr>
<td>Guide</td>
<td>10 min</td>
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<tr>
<td>Model</td>
<td>40 min</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cast</td>
<td>18 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denture Base try-in (white)</td>
<td>45 - 60 min</td>
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<tr>
<td>Denture Base try-in (pink)</td>
<td>45 - 60 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denture Base</td>
<td>50 - 56 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denture Teeth</td>
<td>22 - 28 min</td>
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</tbody>
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<2 HOURS*  
to Design, Print, & Finish  
Pala 3D-Printed Dentures  
(*time depends upon skill level)

CREATE APPLIANCES IN 6 STEPS

1. Scan  
2. Design  
3. Cara CAM  
4. Print  
5. Clean  
6. Post Cure

**4** Denture Base Shades

- Dark Pink
- Original Pink
- Light Reddish Pink
- Light Pink

**6** Denture Teeth Shades

Includes A1, A2, A3, A3.5, B1, and B2.

Data on file. *Cleared material refers to materials used in intra-oral applications only. © 2019 Kulzer, LLC. All Rights Reserved. Distributed by: Kulzer, LLC 4315 S. Lafayette Blvd., South Bend, IN 46614 Phone: (800) 431-1785 Fax: (877) 271-5211 kulzerUS.com
Using the cara Print 4.0 3D DLP Printer along with Pala cre-active, technicians can add individual characterization to any printed denture base.

Kulzer recently launched 10 new FDA-cleared dima Print materials, four Denture Base shades and six Denture Teeth shades.

This fully 3D-printed denture solution makes it possible for customers to enjoy exceptionally precise results quickly and affordably.

Kulzer’s dima Print Denture Base materials are light-curable resins indicated for fabrication and repair of full and partial removable dentures and baseplates. They are alternatives to traditional heat-curable and auto-polymerizing resins. Kulzer’s dima Print Denture Teeth are light-curable resins for fabricating, by additive manufacturing, pre-formed denture teeth used in a denture. These materials for a fully 3D-printed denture solution make it possible for customers to enjoy exceptionally precise results time after time, quickly and affordably.
cara® Print 4.0 & dima® Print materials
Quick, precise, economical: The perfect fit.

- Quick and easy: print most appliances in one hour or less!
- 3D-DLP technology—for precise, accurate results every time.
- More cost-effective than most 3D printers.
- Open STL files work with most CAD programs, such as 3Shape.

Giving a hand to oral health.